

## [Updated Constantly]



## ile

Introduction to Linux I – Chapter 10 Exam Answers 2019 + PDF file
1. This stream is the output of a command operating normally:
• stdout
<ul><li>stderr</li></ul>
• stdin
<ul><li>stdnorm</li></ul>
2. Many commands that read text files will also read from this stream:
<ul><li>pipe</li></ul>
• stdin
<ul><li>redirect</li></ul>
<ul><li>input</li></ul>
3. If you want to overwrite a file by redirecting the output of a command, you can use:
• &
• >
• }
• 1
4. To redirect the errors that are output by a command, you can use:
• @
• 2>
<b>2</b> @
■ 2&
5. Two or more commands combined with the " " between them form a:
<ul><li>convoy</li></ul>
<ul><li>caravan</li></ul>
<ul> <li>command line</li> </ul>
• pipeline
6. Which two symbols can effectively redirect stdin to a command? (choose two)
• >
• !
• 1
• <
7. If you want to append a file with the normal output of a command, you can use:



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- 2>>
- >
- >>
- 1>
- 8. To send the normal and error output of a command to a single file, you can use:
  - 2>
  - >
  - 1>
  - **&>**
- 9. Which of the following commands will take the standard output of the is and put it into the /tmp/output.txt file:
  - Is 2 | /tmp/output
  - Is 2> /tmp/output.txt
  - Is > /tmp/output.txt
  - Is | /tmp/output.txt
- 10. Which of the following commands will take the standard error of the Is command and put it into the /tmp/output.txt file:
  - Is 2> /tmp/output.txt
  - Is | /tmp/output.txt
  - Is 2 | /tmp/output
  - Is > /tmp/output.txt